

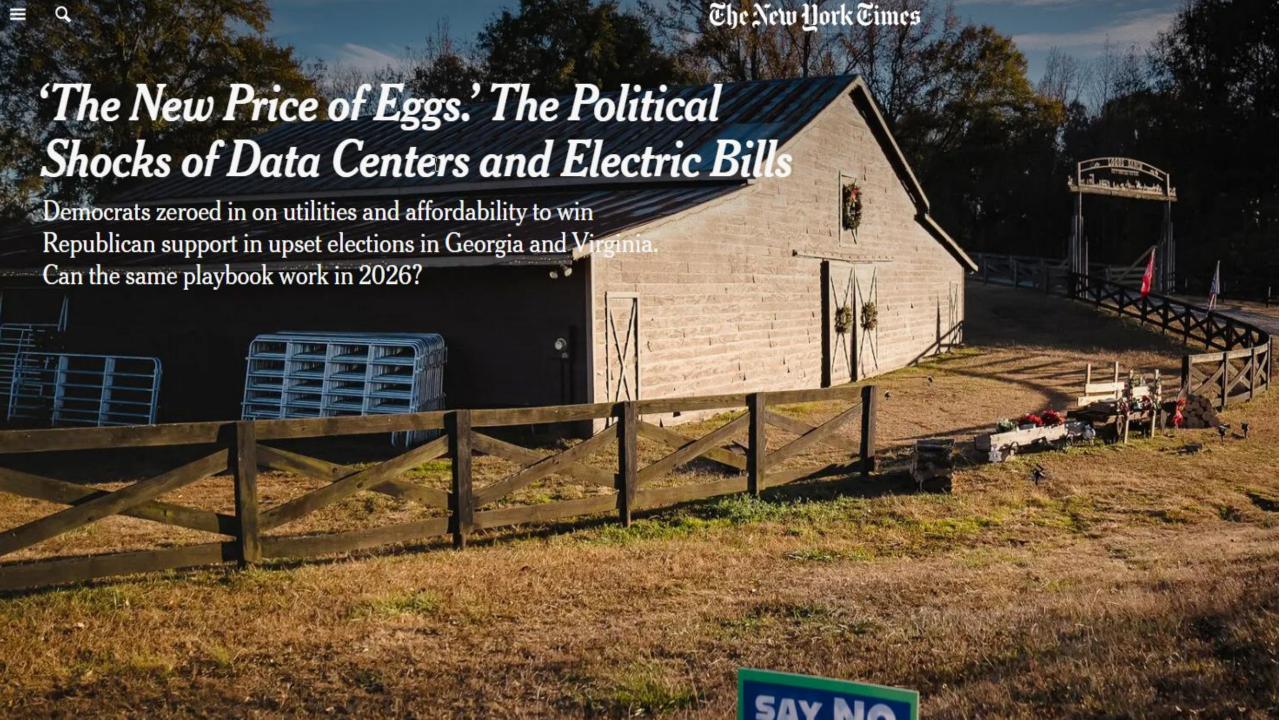
## **Unleashing Intelligence**

Structural Rise in Electricity Costs

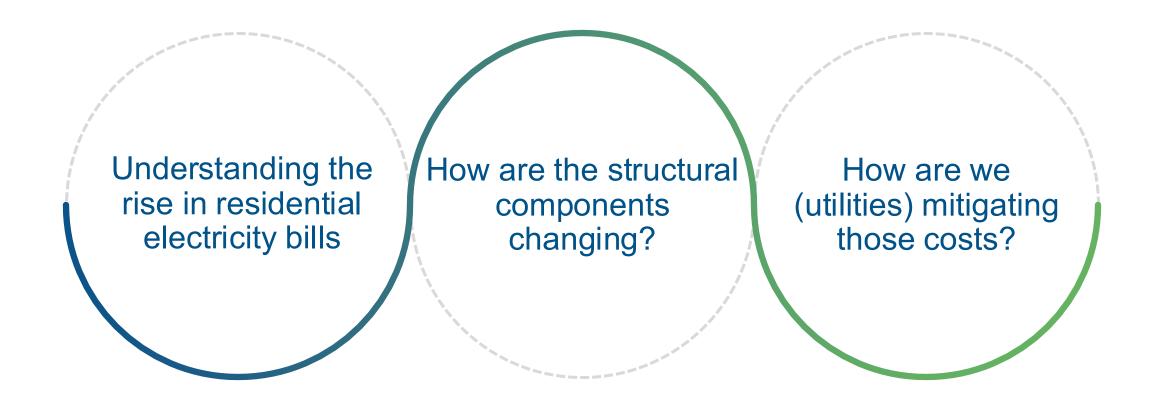
**Navigating Rate Increases with Members and Regulators** 

Teri Viswanath

December 9, 2025

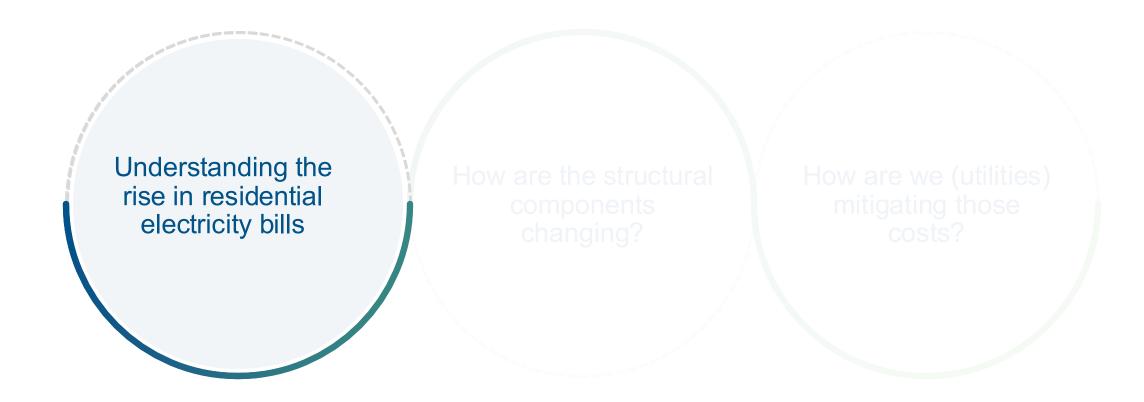


## Are we prepared to have "the talk" about rising bills?



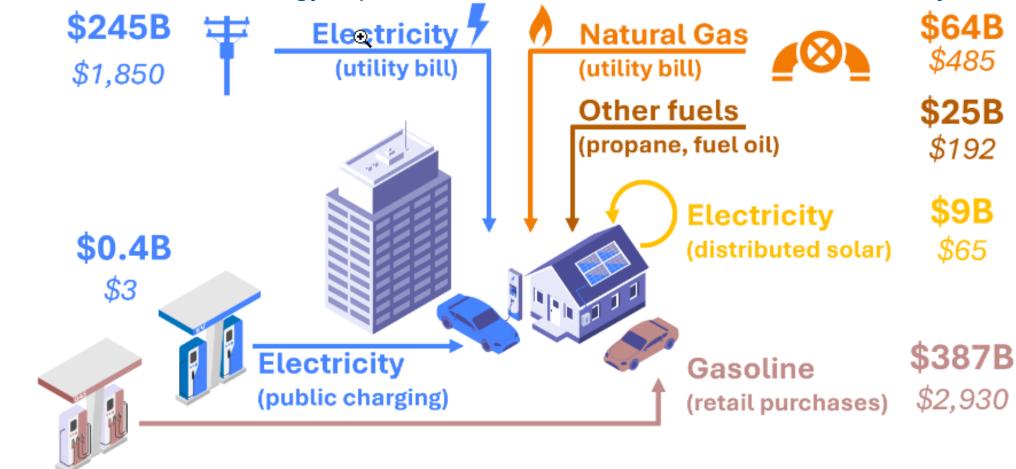


### **Discussion topics**



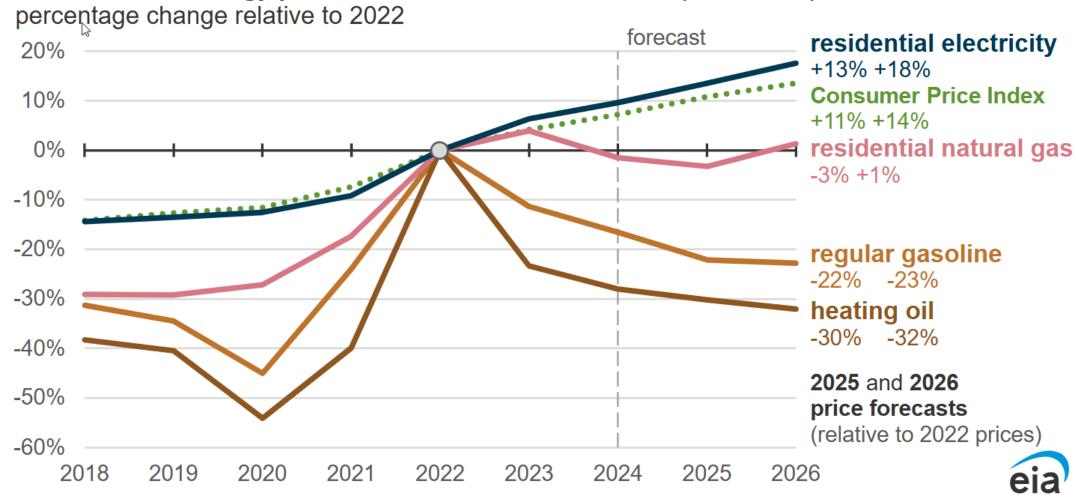
### **Current U.S. household energy wallet**

2024 US household energy expenses amounted to \$731B, \$245B was electricity



### Electricity prices will continue to outpace inflation





## Household concerns about affordability are rising

In the La 12 Months...



**4** 34%

of households reduced or forwent basic necessities like food or medicine to pay an energy bill.

**§ 22%** 

kept their home at a temperature that felt unsafe or unhealthy.

**4** 24%

were unable to pay an energy bill in full.

In 2024...

© 13%

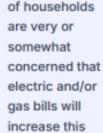
of households were behind on their electricity bills.

*♦* 2.7 million

> households had their utility service shut-off due to non-payment.

Looking Ahead to 2025...

**73%** 



year.

**Improved since 2019** 

✓ 17.4M households were behind on their bills in 2024, down from 20M in 2019.

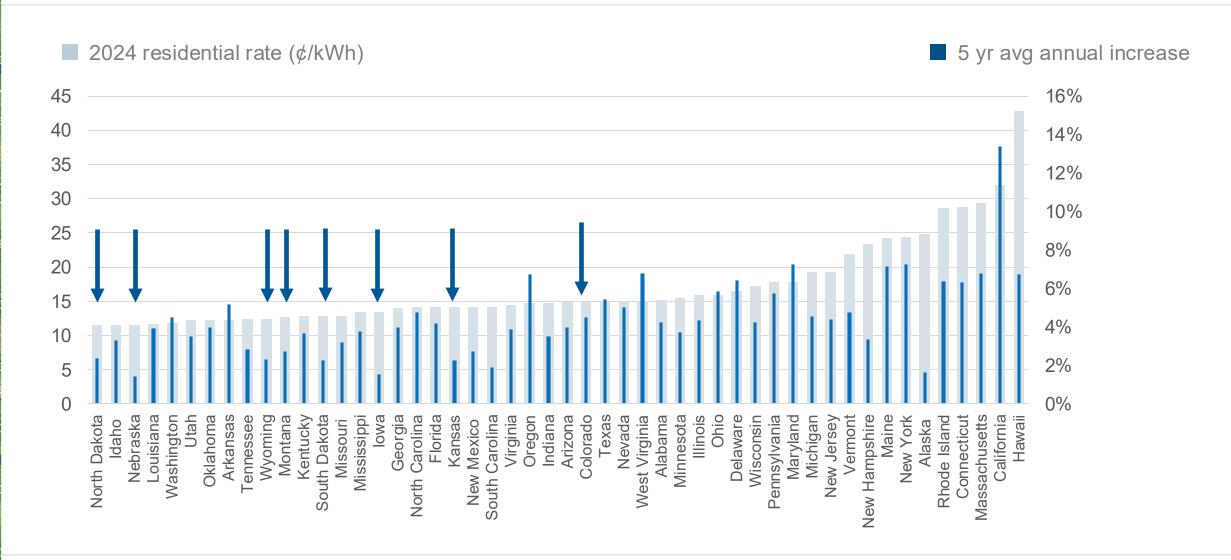
### Worse since 2021

- √ 34% of households reduced or for went necessities to pay an energy bill in 2024, up from 29% in 2021.
- ✓ 22% of households kept their home at an unsafe temperatures in 2024, up from 20% in 2021.
- ✓ 24% of householder were unable to pay their energy bill in full in 2024, up from 20% in 2021



COBANK

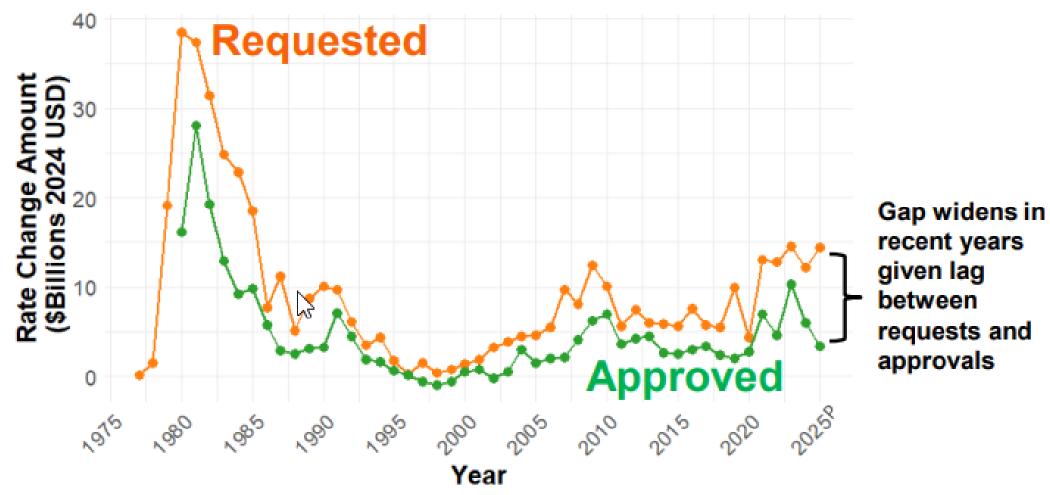
### Where does utility bill "unhappiness" come from?



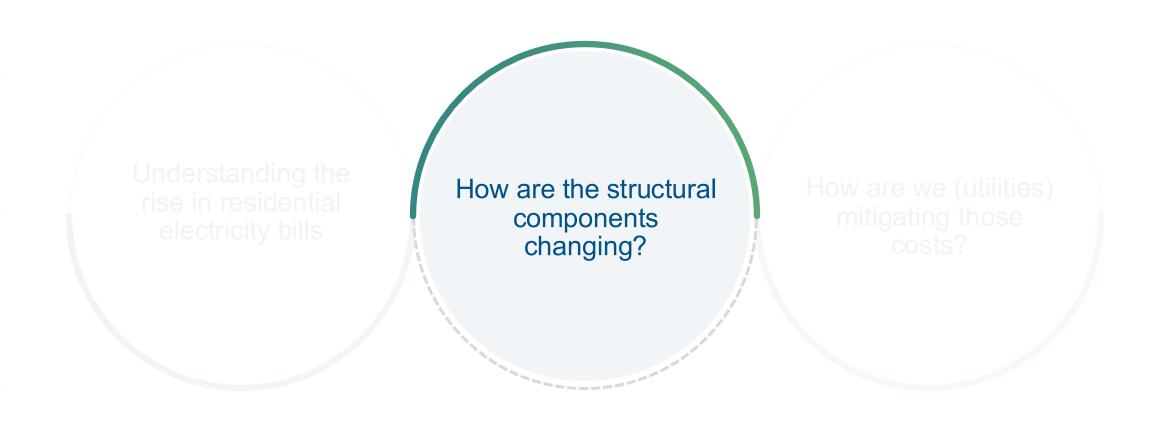


### Rate requests higher than at any point since the mid 1980s

Utility rate change requests back to the late 1970s

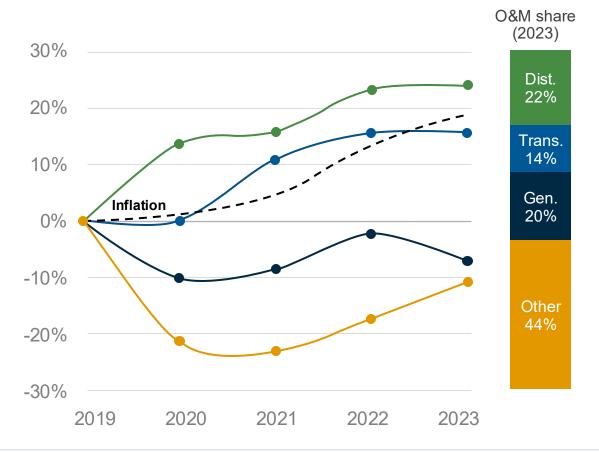


### **Discussion topics**

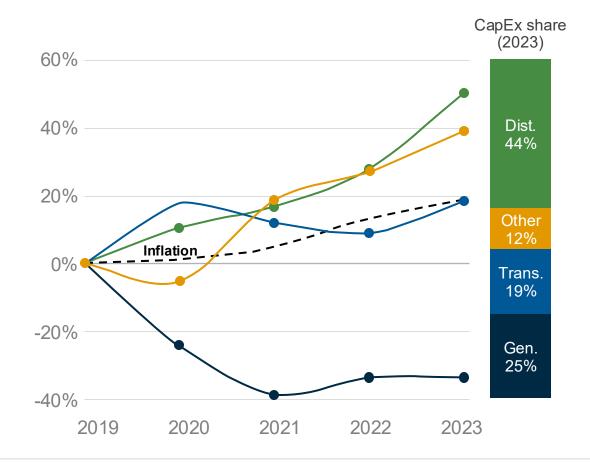


### Rising delivery costs will disproportionately impact co-ops





## Change in annual CapEx from 2019



## 10 key findings from study of recent electricity price trends

- 1. National-average retail electricity prices have tracked inflation (until recently)
- 2. State-level retail electricity price trends vary widely
- 3. Residential customers + investor-owned utilities experienced greater increases
- 4. Behind-the-meter solar was associated with higher prices
- 5. Load growth has tended to depress retail electricity prices in recent years
- 6. Utility-scale wind and solar are not generally related to recent price increases
- 7. State renewables portfolio standards are associated with recent price increases
- 8. Exposure to natural gas price risk increases electricity prices when prices rise
- 9. Hurricanes, storms, and wildfires have increased retail prices
- 10. Several other variables appear to have limited statistical explanatory power

### About those data centers...DOE New Grid Interconnection Rules



#### **Direct Grid Connection Initiative**

New rules are proposed to connect large electrical loads directly to the grid, improving access for major consumers and reducing cost for all consumers.

### **Addressing Integration Challenges**

The initiative aims to overcome integration difficulties for data centers and industrial consumers, ensuring efficient electricity supply.

### **Bypassing Distribution Systems**

Though FERC rules could expedite grid access for major customers, these reforms may compromise local utility investment and state regulatory authority, emphasizing the importance of coordinated planning.

# **Key provisions of the Fixing Emergency Management for Americans (FEMA) Act of 2025**

- Public Assistance Program Overhaul: Moves from a reimbursement model to an upfront, engineer-certified cost estimate grant system, accelerating funding and reducing uncertainty for local governments.
- Block Grants for Small Disasters: Creates a new block grant program for events causing \$1–10M million in damage, with expedited funding and a minimum 75% federal cost share.
- Expedited Emergency Work Funding: FEMA must provide up to 25% of the federal share for emergency work within 10 days of a disaster declaration.
- Simplified Closeouts: Smaller projects may close automatically once funds are disbursed; larger projects have defined review timelines.

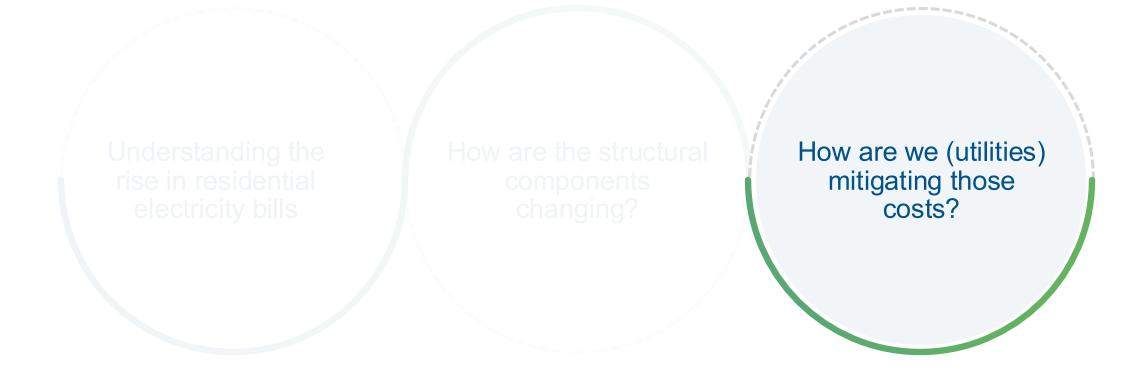
### Opportunities

 Predictable cash flow and early cost-share and maintains current federal cost share of 75%.

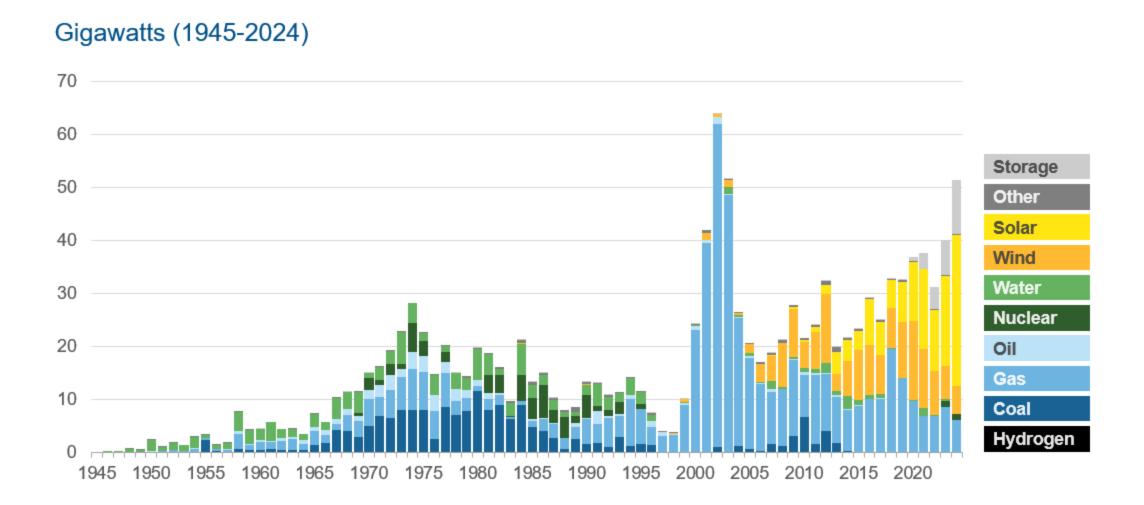
### Challenges

- Estimate accuracy is critical; cost overruns are non-reimbursable absent the one-time adjustment for cost inflation. Jurisdictions must invest in qualified cost estimators and robust change management.
- New accountability clocks 90-day FEMA obligation, 120-day reimbursement – will compel local data readiness; failure may trigger withholding.

### **Discussion topics**

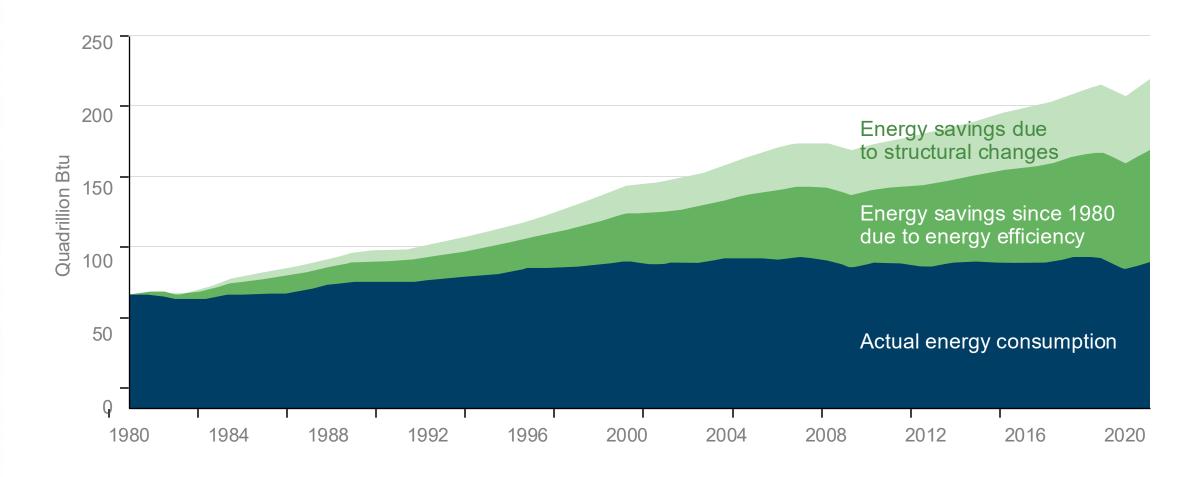


### U.S. generation capacity additions per year



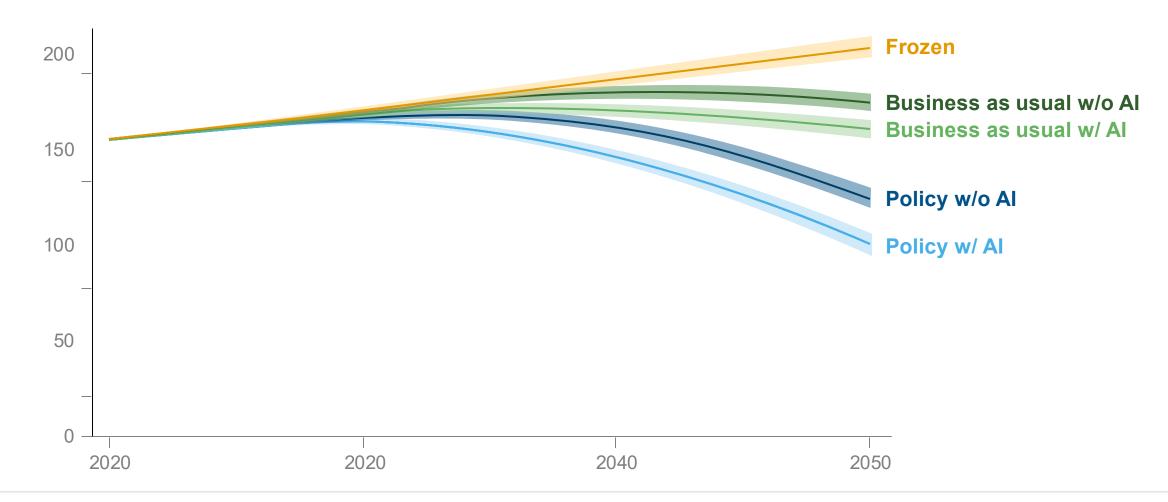
## Energy demand ~80% higher without prior efficiency efforts

Project energy consumption based on 1980 energy productivity levels



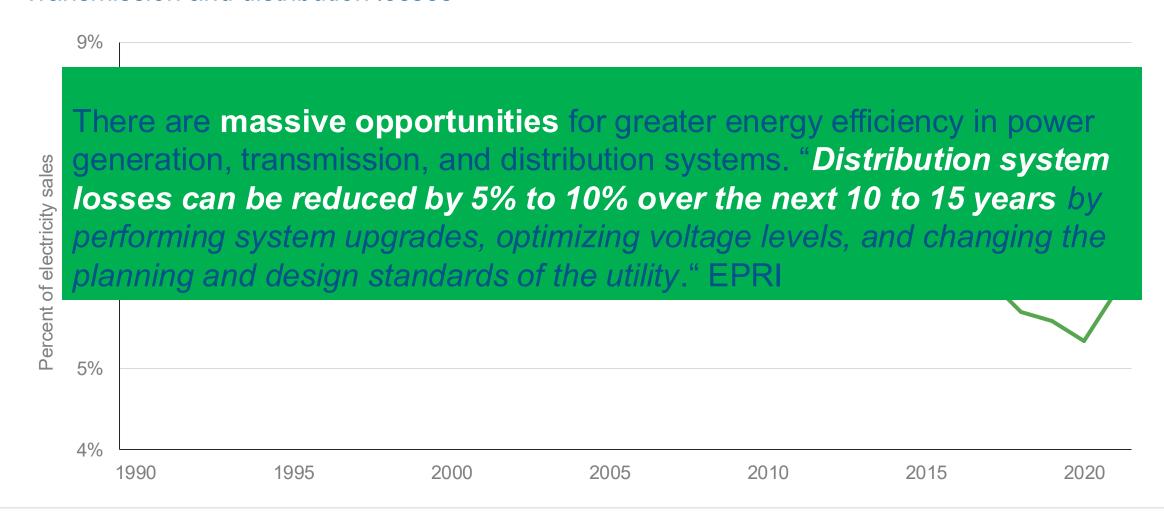
## Aggressively evaluate new options for energy savings

### Energy use (million MMBTU)



## What are smart strategies for reducing technical losses?

#### Transmission and distribution losses



### Managing "the message" around rising costs

## Why are consumer electricity bills rising?

 Deferred investment combined with rising demand and supply chain issues is leading to rising electricity costs

## How are the structural components changing?

- Significantly higher spend on electricity delivery
- Because supply is not being built fast enough, costs will rise

# How are we (utilities) mitigating those costs?

- "All of the above" strategy for new investment
- Energy efficiency 2.0 unfolding with AI machine learning

# POWER PLAYS

PODCAST



Bracing for Grid Strain and Customer Impacts from Virginia's Data Center Boom



The Energy Balancing Act
— Co-ops, Data Centers
and the New Grid
Equation



How to Build a Power Plant (Quickly)

